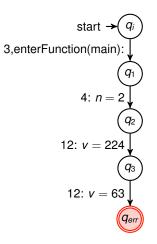
# YAML-Based Format for Violation Witnesses (work in progress)

# Paulína Ayaziová, Dirk Beyer, Marian Lingsch Rosenfeld, Martin Spießl, and Jan Strejček

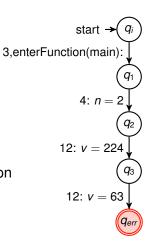
VeWit 2023 July 17, 2023

- introduced in 2015
- based on GraphML



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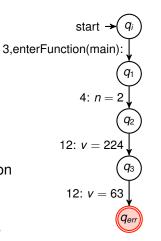
- + widely accepted by the community
- + improved the quality of verification tools
- + other applications, e.g. cooperative verification



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- witness validators do not support all features
- verifiers do not use the whole power of the format
- semantics given on Control Flow Automata (CFA), but translation to CFA is ambiguous



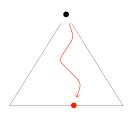
design a format for violation witnesses with a clear semantics on source code
develop validators that fully implement the format

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 $\implies$  the format needs to be as simple as possible

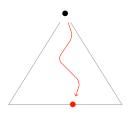
- start with the support of the most common properties and sequential programs and then extend it
- integrate the format to the existing YAML format for correctness witnesses

How many runs should a violation witness describe?



single violating run

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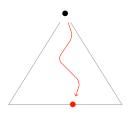
single violating run

a lot of detailed information

- values of all inputs
- order of evaluation: f (x) + g (y)
- addresses of allocations: p = malloc(10)

...

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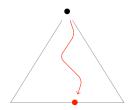
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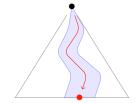
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big and hard to validate

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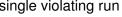


single violating run



multiple runs,

at least one violating





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- ....
- big and hard to validate



waypoint = basic element of witnesses

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each waypoint has 4 aspects:

- action the meaning in the witness
- location code location it is associated to
  - filename
  - line number
  - column (optional, the default is the first suitable column)
- type the type of constraint it puts on runs
- constraint the constraint itself

#### 1 assumption

- Iocation: before or after a statement
- constraint: a side-effect-free expression
- for example x[5] > z + 5 or ptr != NULL

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#### 4 function\_return

- Iocation: the right parenthesis after the function call
- constraint: \return op const, where  $op \in \{==, !=, <=, ...\}$  and const is a constant



follow - the waypoint has to be passed as soon as the location is entered



avoid - the run represented by the witness must not pass the waypoint ("sink node")

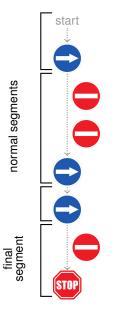


target - the property violation

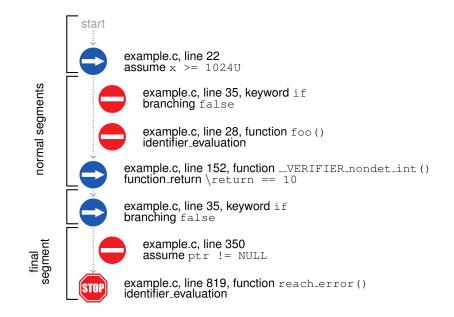
### Witness example

start  $\bigcirc$ C 

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### Witness example - YAML notation



example.c, line 35, keyword  ${\tt if}$  branching  ${\tt false}$ 

example.c, line 28, function  $f \circ \circ ()$  identifier\_evaluation

example.c, line 152, function \_.VERIFIER\_nondet\_int() function\_return \return == 10 - segment: - waypoint: action: avoid type: branching location: file\_name: example.c line: 35 constraint: string: false - waypoint: action: avoid type: identifier\_evaluation location: file\_name: example.c line: 28 - waypoint: action: follow type: function\_return location: file name: example.c line: 152 constraint: string: \return == 10

### Current status and future plans

- informal textual description and an example of a witness
- supports only violation witnesses of reachability safety, memory safety, and no overflows on sequential programs
- three independent validators under development
- support of this format by several verifiers under development

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#### plans

- write a documentation (expected availability in September 2023)
- use it in SV-COMP 2023 (in addition to the GraphML format)
- extend it to support parallel programs and other properties
- add some features that will be requested by the community (repetitions of segment, Kleene star, ...?)

- new violation witness format in YAML
- very simple and easy to implement
- easier to read by humans
- clear semantics
- extendable